SAFETY DATA SHEET



DISCRETE RTU

ADVANCE ACCESSORIES

Catalogue number: AA138 Version No: 2.1 Issue date: 09/07/2021

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	DISCRETE RTU		
Product code	AA138		
Pack sizes	12x750ml, 5Lt, 20Lt		

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Proprietary cement residue removal compound

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

betails of the supplier of the surety data sheet		
Registered company name	ADVANCE ACCESSORIES	
Address	8 Frogley Street, Parkes NSW 2870	
Telephone	1800 624088	
Website	www.advanceglobal.com.au	
Email	sales@advanceglobal.com.au	

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Poisons Information Centre	
Emergency telephone numbers	13 1126	
Other emergency telephone numbers	02 4966 5516	

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the Model WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	5	
GHS Classification	Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Serious Eye Damage Category 1, Skin Sensitizer Category 1B	
Classification drawn from HCIS and ECHA C&L Inventory.		

Label elements

Hazard pictograms





SIGNAL WORD	DANGER
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Hazard statement(s)

H315	Causes skin irritation	
H318	Causes serious eye damage	
H317	May cause allergic skin reaction	

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P260	Do not breathe mist / vapours / spray.	
P280	P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.	
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace		

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Precautionary statement(s) Response

P301+P310+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
P303+P310+P361+P353	ON SKIN (or hair): Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.	
P305+P310+P351+P338	N EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. ntinue rinsing.	
P304+P310+P340	FINHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.	
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs, Get medical advice/attention	
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P405 Store locked up

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of content / container in accordance with local regulations

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures.

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
506-89-8	>60	urea hydrochloride
n/a	<10	proprietary compound
n/a	1	proprietary acid inhibitor

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Seek medical advice / attention without delay. Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. If necessary, transport to hospital or doctor without delay. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. If skin or hair contact occurs:
Seek medical advice / attention without delay. Immediately flush body and clothes with large amounts of water, using safety shower if available. Quickly remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Wash skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre. If necessary, transport to hospital, or doctor.	
If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested. Seek medical advice / attention without delay. Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as train necessary. If necessary, transport to hospital, or doctor, without delay.	
For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor at once. Urgent hospital treatment is likely to be needed. If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.	

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

INGESTION:

- ▶ Immediate dilution (milk or water) within 30 minutes post ingestion is recommended.
- ▶ DO NOT attempt to neutralise the acid since exothermic reaction may extend the corrosive injury.
- ▶ Be careful to avoid further vomit since re-exposure of the mucosa to the acid is harmful. Limit fluids to one or two glasses in an adult.
- ▶ Charcoal has no place in acid management.
- ▶ Some authors suggest the use of lavage within 1 hour of ingestion.

SKIN:

- > Skin lesions require copious saline irrigation. Treat chemical burns as thermal burns with non-adherent gauze and wrapping.
- ▶ Deep second-degree burns may benefit from topical silver sulfadiazine.

EYE:

- Eye injuries require retraction of the eyelids to ensure thorough irrigation of the conjunctival cul-de-sacs. Irrigation should last at least 20-30 minutes. DO NOT use neutralising agents or any other additives. Several litres of saline are required.
- Cycloplegic drops, (1% cyclopentolate for short-term use or 5% homatropine for longer term use) antibiotic drops, vasoconstrictive agents or artificial tears may be indicated dependent on the severity of the injury.

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SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media

There is no restriction on the type of media that may be used. Use media suitable for the surrounding environment

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire incompatibilities

Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleach, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting

Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. Use firefighting procedures suitable for surrounding area. DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot.

Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use

Fire/Explosion Hazard

Combustion may release toxic fumes of carbon dioxide (CO2), hydrogen chloride, phosgene, nitrogen oxides (NOx), and other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material may emit corrosive fumes.

HAZCHEM Not Applicable

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills

Clean up all spills immediately.

Avoid breathing vapours/ aerosols/ or dusts and avoid contact with skin and eves. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.

Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite

Place in a suitable, labelled container for waste disposal.

Major Spills

Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.

Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.

Stop leak if safe to do so.

Absorb on sand, dirt, vermiculite or similar absorbent material. Place into labelled drums and dispose of according to local government regulations.

Immediately notify emergency services (Police or Fire Brigade) if the spill is too large for you to safely and effectively handle.

PPE

Personal protective equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of this SDS

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling

DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin

Avoid all personal contact.

Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.

When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.

Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.

Avoid physical damage to containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable containers

Other information

Polyliner drum.

Packing as recommended by manufacturer.

Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks

DO NOT use aluminium or galvanised containers

Plastic pail.

Storage incompatibility

Reacts with mild steel, galvanised steel / zinc producing hydrogen gas which may form an explosive mixture with air.

Avoid strong bases

Avoid reaction with oxidising agents.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
urea hydrochloride	urea hydrochloride	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
urea hydrochloride	Not Available	Not Available

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Exposure controls Appropriate engineering Maintain adequate ventilation at all times. In most circumstances natural ventilation systems are adequate. controls If ventilation is poor, then the use of a local exhaust ventilation system is recommended. Personal protection Chemical goggles. Full face shield may be required for supplementary but never for primary protection of eyes. Eye and face protection Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation. Lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. Skin protection Hands/feet protection Elbow length chemical gloves. Butyl, PE/EVAL/PE or Saranex 23 are recommended for this application. **Body protection** When handling corrosive liquids it is good practice to wear overall legs outside of boots to prevent liquids entering boots. P.V.C. apron. Barrier cream. Other protection Skin cleansing cream. Eye wash unit. Thermal hazards Not Available

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear green liquid		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.2
Odour	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	Not Applicable
pH (as supplied)	<1	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range °C)	Not Available	Partition coefficient n- octanol /water	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Applicable	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Flammable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit(%)	Not Applicable	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

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SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material can cause respiratory irritation in some persons. The body's response to such irritation can cause further lung damage.		
Ingestion	Ingestion of acidic corrosives may produce burns around and, in the mouth,, the throat and oesophagus. Immediate pain and difficulties in swallowing and speaking may also be evident.		
Skin Contact	Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected. This material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons.		
Eye	The material can produce chemical burns to the eye following direct contact. Vapours or mists may be extremely irritating. If applied to the eyes, this material causes severe eye damage.		
Chronic	Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result in disease of the airways involving difficult breathing and related systemic problems. Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.		

Toxicological effects of ingredients

	Urea hydrochloride	No data
Acute toxicity	Proprietary compound	Oral (calculated) 556 mg/kg Dermal (rabbit) >2000mg/kg
	Proprietary acid inhibitor	No data
Skin corrosion/irritation	Urea hydrochloride	Irritating
	Proprietary compound	May be irritating
	Proprietary acid inhibitor	May cause severe irritation
	Urea hydrochloride	Irritating
Eye damage/irritation	Proprietary compound	Causes serious eye damage
	Proprietary acid inhibitor	Severely irritating to the eyes and may cause permanent damage including burns and blindness
	Urea hydrochloride	No data
Respiratory/skin sensitization	Proprietary compound	Not expected to be sensitizer
sensitization	Proprietary acid inhibitor	May cause allergic skin reactions
	Urea hydrochloride	No data
Germ cell mutagenicity	Proprietary compound	Not mutagenic
	Proprietary acid inhibitor	No data
	Urea hydrochloride	No data
Carcinogenicity	Proprietary compound	Not carcinogenic
	Proprietary acid inhibitor	Not carcinogenic
	Urea hydrochloride	No data
Reproductive toxicity	Proprietary compound	Not considered to be toxic to reproduction
	Proprietary acid inhibitor	No data
	Urea hydrochloride	No data
STOT (single exposure)	Proprietary compound	Not expected to be toxic to a specific organ
	Proprietary acid inhibitor	No data
	Urea hydrochloride	No data
TOT (repeated exposure)	Proprietary compound	Not expected to be toxic to a specific organ
	Proprietary acid inhibitor	No data
	Urea hydrochloride	No data
Aspiration toxicity	Proprietary compound	Not expected to be an aspiration hazard
	Proprietary acid inhibitor	No data

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ecotoxicity:

Because of the low pH of this product, it would be expected to produce significant ecotoxicity upon exposure to aquatic organisms and aquatic systems.

	Endpoint	Test duration (hr.)	Species	Value
Urea Hydrochloride	No available data	No available data	No available data	No available data
Proprietary compound	LC50	96	Fish	1-10 mg/l
	EC50	48	Daphnia	1-10 mg/l
	EC50	72	Algae	1-10 mg/l
Proprietary acid inhibitor	No available data	No available data	No available data	No available data

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Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
	No data available for any of the ingredients	

Bio accumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	
	No data available for any of the ingredients	

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
	No data available for any of the ingredients

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / packaging disposal Recycle containers whenever possible. Product residues and containers should be disposed of in accordance with local government regulations
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SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UREA HYDROCHLORIDE (506-89-8) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Schedule

Revision Date	09/07/2021
Initial Date	18/11/2016

SDS Version Summary

Version	Issue Date	Sections Updated
2.1	09/07/2021	Sections 2,3,8,11,12,14,15,16 have been updated or corrected

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources such as the ECHA C&L Chemical Inventory, HSNO (CCID) New Zealand, AICIS and HCIS Australia

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Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA; Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
ACGIH: American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit

IDLH: Immediate Danger to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor
NOAEL: No Observed Effects Level
TLV: Threshold Limit Value
LOD: Limit Of Detection
OTV: Odour Threshold Value
BGF: Bio Concentration Factors
BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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